

D20/D20S/D22/D23-LB/LS -- LoRaWAN Temperature Sensor User Manual

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1. Introduction

1.1 What is D2x-LB/LS LoRaWAN Temperature Sensor

The Dragino D2x-LB/LS is a **LoRaWAN Temperature Sensor** for Internet of Things solution. D2x-LB/LS has 1 ~ 3 temperature probes. D2x-LB/LS will convert the Temperature reading to LoRaWAN wireless data and send to IoT platform via LoRaWAN gateway.

The LoRa wireless technology used in D2x-LB/LS allows device to send data and reach extremely long ranges at low data-rates. It provides ultra-long range spread spectrum communication and high interference immunity whilst minimizing current consumption.

The temperature sensor used in D2x-LB/LS can **measure -55°C** ~ **125°C** with accuracy ±0.5°C (max ±2.0°C).

D2x-LB/LS supports **temperature alarm feature**, user can set temperature alarm for instant notice. D2x-LB/LS supports Datalog feature, it can save the data when there is no LoRaWAN network and uplink when network recover.

D2x-LB/LS has max 3 probes which measure maximum 3 temperature points.

D2x-LB/LS supports BLE configure and wireless OTA update which make user easy to use.

D2x-LB/LS is powered by **8500mAh Li-SOCI2 battery** or **solar powered + li-on battery** it is designed for long term use up to 5 years.

Each D2x-LB/LS is pre-load with a set of unique keys for LoRaWAN registrations, register these keys to local LoRaWAN server and it will auto connect after power on.

1.2 Features

- · LoRaWAN 1.0.3 Class A
- Ultra-low power consumption
- 1 ~ 3 External Temperature Probes
- Measure range -55°C ~ 125°C
- · Temperature alarm
- Bands: CN470/EU433/KR920/US915/EU868/AS923/AU915/IN865
- · Support Bluetooth v5.1 and LoRaWAN remote configure
- · Support wireless OTA update firmware
- · Uplink on periodically
- · Downlink to change configure
- 8500mAh Li/SOCI2 Battery (D2x-LB)
- Solar panel + 3000mAh Li-on battery (D2x-LS)

1.3 Specification

Common DC Characteristics:

- Supply Voltage: Built-in Battery, 2.5v ~ 3.6v
- Operating Temperature: -40 ~ 85°C

Temperature Sensor:

- Dallas DS18B20
- Range: -55 to + 125°C
- Accuracy ±0.5°C (max ±2.0 °C).

LoRa Spec:

- Frequency Range, Band 1 (HF): 862 ~ 1020 Mhz
- Max +22 dBm constant RF output vs.
- RX sensitivity: down to -139 dBm.
- · Excellent blocking immunity

Battery:

· Li/SOCI2 un-chargeable battery

· Capacity: 8500mAh

Self-Discharge: <1% / Year @ 25°C
Max continuously current: 130mA
Max boost current: 2A, 1 second

Power Consumption

• Sleep Mode: 5uA @ 3.3v

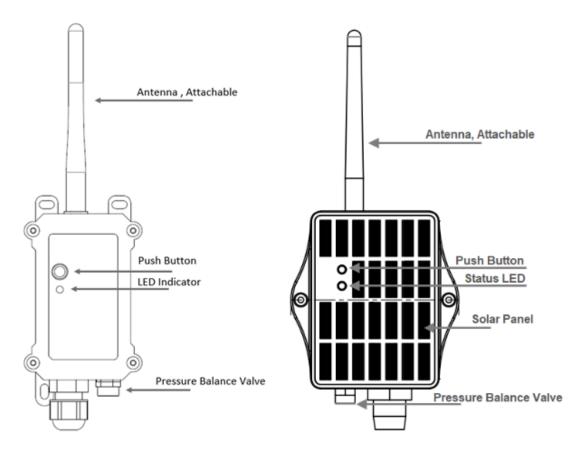
• LoRa Transmit Mode: 125mA @ 20dBm, 82mA @ 14dBm

1.4 Sleep mode and working mode

Deep Sleep Mode: Sensor doesn't have any LoRaWAN activate. This mode is used for storage and shipping to save battery life.

Working Mode: In this mode, Sensor will work as LoRaWAN Sensor to Join LoRaWAN network and send out sensor data to server. Between each sampling/tx/rx periodically, sensor will be in IDLE mode), in IDLE mode, sensor has the same power consumption as Deep Sleep mode.

1.5 Button & LEDs



Behavior on ACT	Function	Action
Pressing ACT between 1s < time < 3s	Send an uplink	If sensor is already Joined to LoRaWAN network, sensor will send an uplink packet, blue led will blink once. Meanwhile, BLE module will be active and user can connect via BLE to configure device.
Pressing ACT for more than 3s	Active Device	Green led will fast blink 5 times, device will enter OTA mode for 3 seconds. And then start to JOIN LoRaWAN network.

Green led will solidly turn on for 5 seconds after joined in network.

Once sensor is active, BLE module will be active and user can connect via BLE to configure device, no matter if device join or not join LoRaWAN network.

Fast press ACT 5 times. Deactivate Device Red led will solid on for 5 seconds. Means D2x-LB/LS is in Deep Sleep Mode.

1.6 BLE connection

D2x-LB/LS support BLE remote configure.

BLE can be used to configure the parameter of sensor or see the console output from sensor. BLE will be only activate on below case:

- · Press button to send an uplink
- Press button to active device.
- · Device Power on or reset.

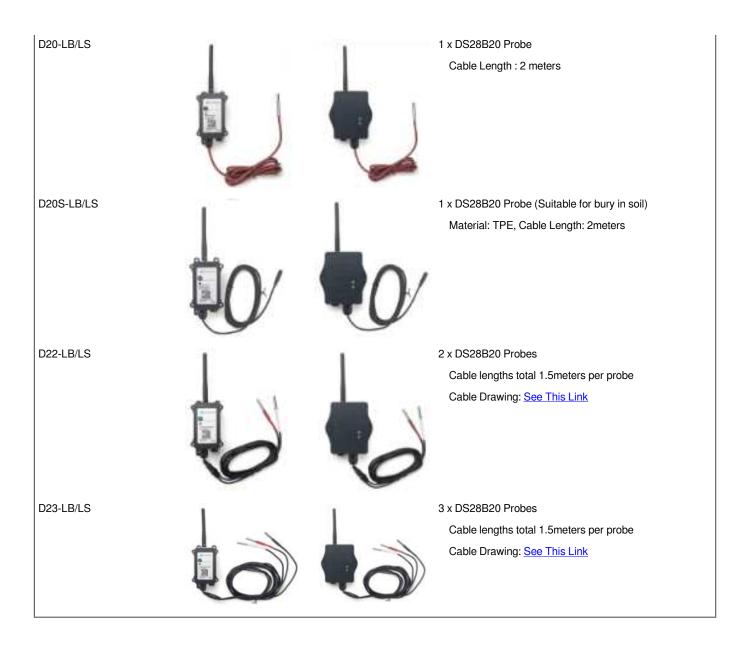
If there is no activity connection on BLE in 60 seconds, sensor will shut down BLE module to enter low power mode.

1.7 Pin Definitions



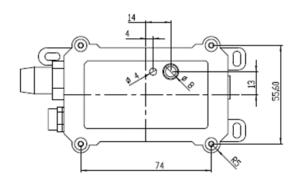
1.8 Hardware Variant

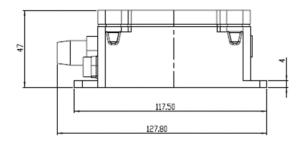
Model Photo Probe Info

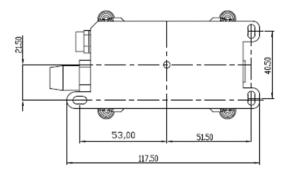


1.9 Mechanical

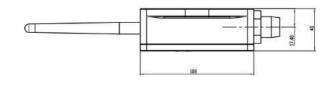
1.9.1 for LB version

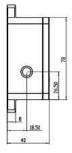


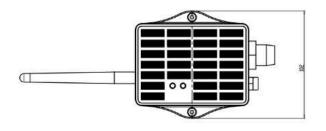


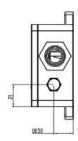


1.9.2 for LS version









2. Configure D2x-LB/LS to connect to LoRaWAN network

2.1 How it works

The D2x-LB/LS is configured as **LoRaWAN OTAA Class A** mode by default. It has OTAA keys to join LoRaWAN network. To connect a local LoRaWAN network, you need to input the OTAA keys in the LoRaWAN loT

server and press the button to activate the D2x-LB/LS. It will automatically join the network via OTAA and start to send the sensor value. The default uplink interval is 20 minutes.

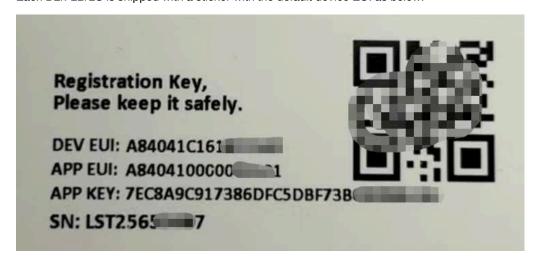
2.2 Quick guide to connect to LoRaWAN server (OTAA)

Following is an example for how to join the <u>TTN v3 LoRaWAN Network</u>. Below is the network structure; we use the <u>LPS8v2</u> as a LoRaWAN gateway in this example.

The LPS8V2 is already set to connected to TTN network, so what we need to now is configure the TTN server.

Step 1: Create a device in TTN with the OTAA keys from D2x-LB/LS.

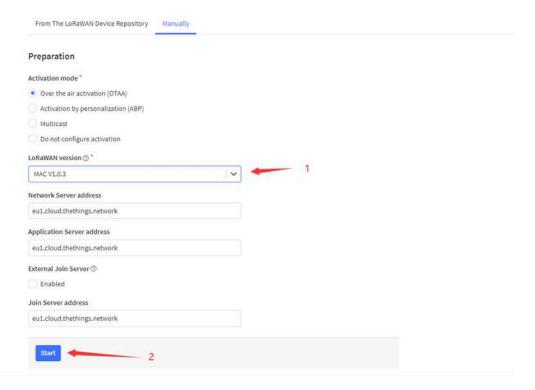
Each D2x-LB/LS is shipped with a sticker with the default device EUI as below:



You can enter this key in the LoRaWAN Server portal. Below is TTN screen shot:

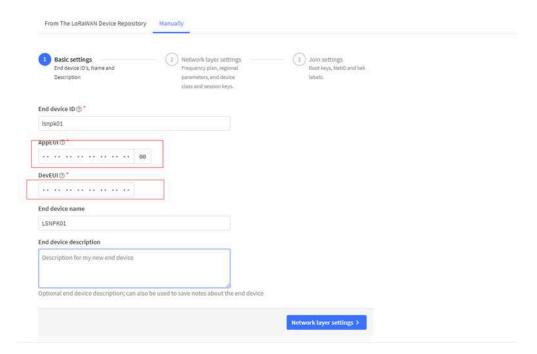
Register the device

Register end device

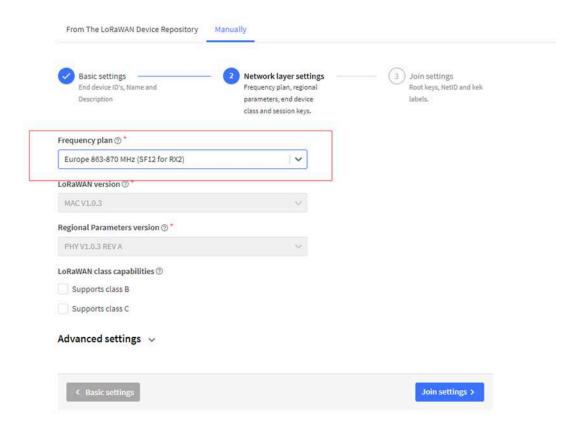


Add APP EUI and DEV EUI

Register end device

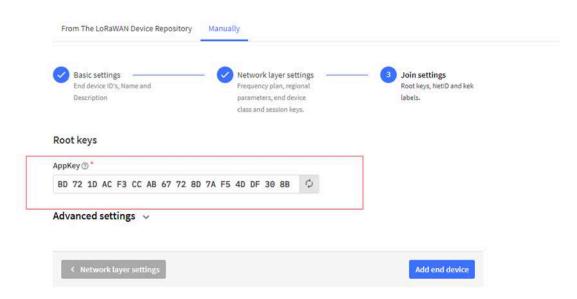


Register end device



Add APP KEY

Register end device



Step 2: Activate on D2x-LB/LS

Press the button for 5 seconds to activate the D2x-LB/LS.

Green led will fast blink 5 times, device will enter **OTA mode** for 3 seconds. And then start to JOIN LoRaWAN network. **Green led** will solidly turn on for 5 seconds after joined in network.

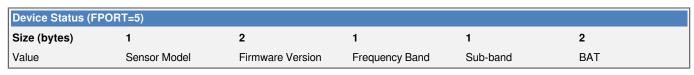
After join success, it will start to upload messages to TTN and you can see the messages in the panel.

2.3 Uplink Payload

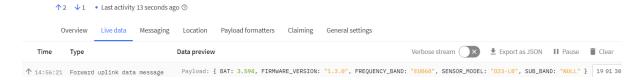
2.3.1 Device Status, FPORT=5

Users can use the downlink command(**0x26 01**) to ask D2x-LB/LS to send device configure detail, include device configure status. D2x-LB/LS will uplink a payload via FPort=5 to server.

The Payload format is as below.



Example parse in TTNv3



Sensor Model: For D2x-LB/LS, this value is 0x19

Firmware Version: 0x0100, Means: v1.0.0 version

Frequency Band:

0x01: EU868 0x02: US915 0x03: IN865 0x04: AU915 0x05: KZ865 0x06: RU864 0x07: AS923 0x08: AS923-1 0x09: AS923-2 0x0a: AS923-3 0x0b: CN470 0x0c: EU433 0x0d: KR920 0x0e: MA869

Sub-Band:

AU915 and US915:value 0x00 ~ 0x08

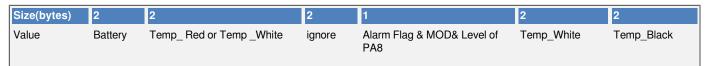
CN470: value 0x0B ~ 0x0C Other Bands: Always 0x00

Battery Info:

Check the battery voltage. Ex1: 0x0B45 = 2885mVEx2: 0x0B49 = 2889mV

2.3.2 Sensor Data. FPORT=2

D2x-LB/LS will uplink below payload via FPORT=2 after Joined LoRaWAN Network.



Payload per each model.

Equipment	Size (bytes)	2	2	2	1	2	2
D20	Value	Battery	Temp-Red	Ignore	Alarm Flag	/	/
D22	Value	Battery	Temp-White	Ignore	Alarm Flag	Temp-Red	/
D23	Value	Battery	Temp-White	Ignore	Alarm Flag	Temp-Red	Temp-Black



Decode corresponding probe color:

D20:

Red <--> C1

D22:

White <--> C1, Red <--> C2

D23:

White <-->C1 , Red <--> C2 , Black <--> C3

Battery:

Sensor Battery Level.

Ex1: 0x0B45 = 2885mVEx2: 0x0B49 = 2889mV

Temperature RED or Temperature White:

This point to the Red probe in D20-LB or the probe of D22-LB/D23-LB White

Example:

```
If payload is: 0105H: (0105 & 8000 == 0), temp = 0105H /10 = 26.1 degree If payload is: FF3FH: (FF3F & 8000 == 1), temp = (FF3FH - 65536)/10 = -19.3 degrees. (FF3F & 8000: Judge whether the highest bit is 1, when the highest bit is 1, it is negative)
```

Temperature White:

This point to the Red probe in D22-LB/D23-LB.

If it is D20-LB, the value is 0x7FFF, which is 327.67.

Example:

```
If payload is: 0105H: (0105 \& 8000 == 0), temp = 0105H /10 = 26.1 degree If payload is: FF3FH: (FF3F & 8000 == 1), temp = (FF3FH - 65536)/10 = -19.3 degrees. (FF3F & 8000: Judge whether the highest bit is 1, when the highest bit is 1, it is negative)
```

Temperature Black:

This point to the BLACK probe in D23-LB

If it is D20-LB/D22-LB, the value is 0x7FFF, which is 327.67.

Example:

```
If payload is: 0105H: (0105 \& 8000 == 0), temp = 0105H /10 = 26.1 degree If payload is: FF3FH: (FF3F \& 8000 == 1), temp = (FF3FH - 65536)/10 = -19.3 degrees. (FF3F \& 8000): Judge whether the highest bit is 1, when the highest bit is 1, it is negative)
```

Alarm Flag & MOD & Level of PA8:

Example:

If payload & 0x01 = 0x01 --> This is an Alarm Message. It means that the temperature exceed the alarm value or trigger an interrupt.

```
If payload \& 0x01 = 0x00 --> This is a normal uplink message, no alarm.
```

```
If payload \& 0x80 >> 7 = 0x01 --> The PA8 is low level.
```

If payload & 0x80 >> 7 = 0x00 --> The PA8 is high level.

If payload >> 2 = 0x00 --> means MOD=1, This is a sampling uplink message.

If payload >> 2 = 0x31 --> means MOD=31, this message is a reply message for polling, this message contains the alarm settings. see this link for detail.

2.4 Payload Decoder file

In TTN, use can add a custom payload so it shows friendly.

In the page Applications --> Payload Formats --> Custom --> decoder to add the decoder from:

https://github.com/dragino/dragino-end-node-decoder/tree/main/D20-LB%26D20S-LB%26D22-LB%26D23-LB

2.5 Datalog Feature

Datalog Feature is to ensure IoT Server can get all sampling data from Sensor even if the LoRaWAN network is down. For each sampling, D2x-LB/LS will store the reading for future retrieving purposes.

2.5.1 Ways to get datalog via LoRaWAN

Set <u>PNACKMD=1</u>, D2x-LB/LS will wait for ACK for every uplink, when there is no LoRaWAN network,D2x-LB/LS will mark these records with non-ack messages and store the sensor data, and it will send all messages (10s interval) after the network recovery.

- a) D2x-LB/LS will do an ACK check for data records sending to make sure every data arrive server.
- b) D2x-LB/LS will send data in **CONFIRMED Mode** when PNACKMD=1, but D2x-LB/LS won't re-transmit the packet if it doesn't get ACK, it will just mark it as a NONE-ACK message. In a future uplink if D2x-LB/LS gets a ACK, D2x-LB/LS will consider there is a network connection and resend all NONE-ACK Message.

2.5.2 Unix TimeStamp

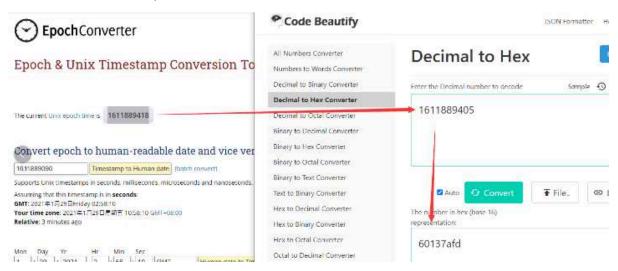
D2x-LB/LS uses Unix TimeStamp format based on

Size (bytes)	4	1
DeviceTimeAns Payload	32-bit unsigned integer : Seconds since epoch*	8bits unsigned integer: fractional- second
L		in ½^8 second steps

Figure 10 : DeviceTimeAns payload format

User can get this time from link: https://www.epochconverter.com/:

Below is the converter example



So, we can use AT+TIMESTAMP=1611889405 or downlink 3060137afd00 to set the current time 2021 – Jan -- 29 Friday 03:03:25

2.5.3 Set Device Time

User need to set SYNCMOD=1 to enable sync time via MAC command.

Once D2x-LB/LS Joined LoRaWAN network, it will send the MAC command (DeviceTimeReq) and the server will reply with (DeviceTimeAns) to send the current time to D2x-LB/LS. If D2x-LB/LS fails to get the time from the server, D2x-LB/LS will use the internal time and wait for next time request (AT+SYNCTDC to set the time request period, default is 10 days).

Note: LoRaWAN Server need to support LoRaWAN v1.0.3(MAC v1.0.3) or higher to support this MAC command feature, Chirpstack,TTN V3 v3 and loriot support but TTN V3 v2 doesn't support. If server doesn't support this command, it will through away uplink packet with this command, so user will lose the packet with time request for TTN V3 v2 if SYNCMOD=1.

2.5.4 Datalog Uplink payload (FPORT=3)

The Datalog poll reply uplink will use below payload format.

Retrieval data payload:

Size(bytes)	2	2	2	1	4
Value	Temp_Black	Temp_White	Temp_Red or Temp_White	Poll message flag & Alarm Flag& Level of PA8	Unix Time Stamp

Poll message flag & Ext:

Bits	7	6	[5:2]	1	0
mean	No ACK	Poll Message	Reserved	Level of PA8	Alarm Flag
	Message	Flag			

No ACK Message: 1: This message means this payload is fromn Uplink Message which doesn't get ACK from the server before (for **PNACKMD=1** feature)

Poll Message Flag: 1: This message is a poll message reply.

- Poll Message Flag is set to 1.
- Each data entry is 11 bytes, to save airtime and battery, devices will send max bytes according to the current DR and Frequency bands.

For example, in US915 band, the max payload for different DR is:

- a) DR0: max is 11 bytes so one entry of data
- b) DR1: max is 53 bytes so devices will upload 4 entries of data (total 44 bytes)
- c) DR2: total payload includes 11 entries of data
- d) DR3: total payload includes 22 entries of data.

If devise doesn't have any data in the polling time. Device will uplink 11 bytes of 0

Example:

If D2x-LB/LS has below data inside Flash:

```
Stop Tx events when read sensor data 8031200 2023/5/24 07:20:07 3600 temp1=26.4 temp2=26.1 temp3=26.4 level:low status:false 8031210 2023/5/24 07:20:22 3594 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.1 temp3=26.5 level:low status:false 8031220 2023/5/24 07:20:38 3594 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.1 temp3=26.5 level:low status:false 8031230 2023/5/24 07:21:01 3600 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.1 temp3=26.5 level:low status:true 8031240 2023/5/24 07:22:06 3600 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.1 temp3=26.5 level:high status:true 8031250 2023/5/24 07:22:27 3600 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.1 temp3=26.5 level:low status:true 8031260 2023/5/24 07:22:27 3600 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.2 temp3=26.5 level:low status:true 8031270 2023/5/24 07:22:57 3594 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.2 temp3=26.5 level:low status:false 8031270 2023/5/24 07:22:57 3594 temp1=26.5 temp2=26.2 temp3=26.5 level:low status:false Start Tx events
```

ОК

If user sends below downlink command: 31646DBAA0646DBB5405

Where: Start time: 646DBAA0 = time 23/5/24 07:20:00 Stop time: 646DBB54= time 23/5/24 07:23:00

D2x-LB/LS will uplink this payload.



01 08 01 05 01 08 40 64 6D BA A7 01 09 01 05 01 09 40 64 6D BA B6 01 09 01 05 01 09 40 64 6D BA C6 01 09 01 05 01 09 41 64 6D BA DD 01 09 01 05 01 09 43 64 6D BB 1E 01 09 01 06 01 09 41 64 6D BB 33 01 09 01 06 01 0A 40 64 6D BB 45 01 09 01 06 01 09 40 64 6D BB 51

Where the first 11 bytes is for the first entry:

01 08 01 05 01 08 40 64 6D BA A7

Temp Black=0x0108/10=26.4

Temp White=0x0105/10=26.1

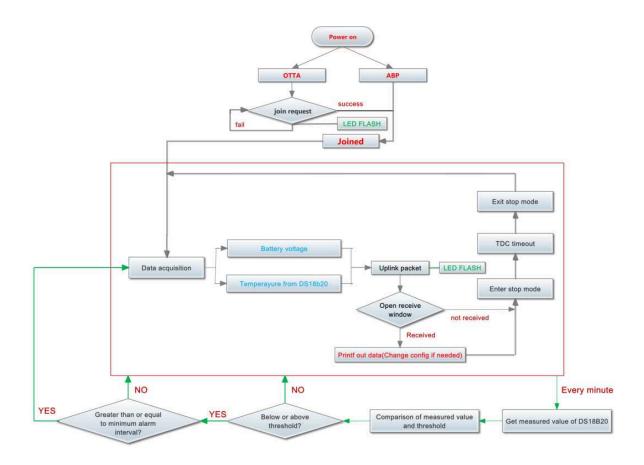
Temp Red or White=0x0108/10=26.4

poll message flag & Alarm Flag & Level of PA8=0x40,means reply data,sampling uplink message,the PA8 is low level.

Unix time is 0x646DBAA7=1684912807s=23/5/24 07:20:07

2.6 Temperature Alarm Feature

D2x-LB/LS work flow with Alarm feature.



2.7 Frequency Plans

The D2x-LB/LS uses OTAA mode and below frequency plans by default. Each frequency band use different firmware, user update the firmware to the corresponding band for their country.

http://wiki.dragino.com/xwiki/bin/view/Main/End%20Device%20Frequency%20Band/

2.8 Firmware Change Log

Firmware download link:

https://www.dropbox.com/sh/tcpq06yl7rxrgcz/AACpAC7cy-tnGPqn6T6SUDEaa?dl=0

3. Configure D2x-LB/LS

3.1 Configure Methods:

D2x-LB/LS supports below configure method:

- AT Command via Bluetooth Connection (Recommended): BLE Configure Instruction.
- AT Command via UART Connection : See Connection.
- LoRaWAN Downlink. Instruction for different platforms: See IoT LoRaWAN Server section.

3.2 General Commands

These commands are to configure:

- · General system settings like: uplink interval.
- · LoRaWAN protocol & radio related command.

They are same for all Dragino Devices which support DLWS-005 LoRaWAN Stack. These commands can be found on the wiki:

http://wiki.dragino.com/xwiki/bin/view/Main/End%20Device%20AT%20Commands%20and%20Downlink%20Command/

3.3 Commands special design for D2x-LB/LS

These commands only valid for D2x-LB/LS, as below:

3.3.1 Set Transmit Interval Time

Feature: Change LoRaWAN End Node Transmit Interval.

AT Command: AT+TDC

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+TDC=?	Show current transmit Interval	30000 OK the interval is 30000ms = 30s
AT+TDC=60000	Set Transmit Interval	OK Set transmit interval to 60000ms = 60 seconds

Downlink Command: 0x01

Format: Command Code (0x01) followed by 3 bytes time value.

If the downlink payload=0100003C, it means set the END Node's Transmit Interval to 0x00003C=60(S), while type code is 01.

```
    Example 1: Downlink Payload: 0100001E
    Example 2: Downlink Payload: 0100003C
    Set Transmit Interval (TDC) = 30 seconds
    Set Transmit Interval (TDC) = 60 seconds
```

3.3.2 Get Device Status

Send a LoRaWAN downlink to ask device send Alarm settings.

Downlink Payload: 0x26 01

Sensor will upload Device Status via FPORT=5. See payload section for detail.

3.3.3 Set Alarm Thredhold

1. Set for All Probes:

AT+18ALARM=min,max

- When min=0, and max≠0, Alarm trigger when higher than max
- When min≠0, and max=0, Alarm trigger when lower than min
- When min≠0 and max≠0, Alarm trigger when higher than max or lower than min

Example:

AT+18ALARM=-10,30 // Alarm when < -10 or higher than 30.

Downlink Payload:

```
0x(0B F6 1E) // Same as AT+18ALARM=-10,30
(note: 0x1E= 30, 0xF6 means: 0xF6-0x100 = -10)
```

2. Set for Separate Probe:

AT+18ALARM=min,max,index

Index:

- 1: Temperature Red
- 2: Temperature White
- 3: Temperature Black

Example:

AT+18ALARM=-10,30,1 // Alarm when temperature_red < -10 or higher than 30.

• Downlink Payload:

```
0x(0B F6 1E 01) // Same as AT+18ALARM=-10,30,1 (note: 0x1E=30, 0xF6 means: 0xF6-0x100=-10)
```

3.3.4 Set Alarm Interval

The shortest time of two Alarm packet. (unit: min)

AT Command:

AT+ATDC=30 // The shortest interval of two Alarm packets is 30 minutes, Means is there is an alarm packet uplink, there won't be another one in the next 30 minutes.

· Downlink Payload:

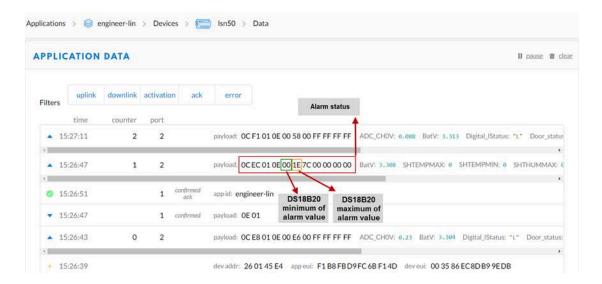
```
0x(0D 00 1E) ---> Set AT+ATDC=0x 00 1E = 30 minutes
```

3.3.5 Get Alarm settings

Send a LoRaWAN downlink to ask device send Alarm settings.

• Downlink Payload: 0x0E 01

Example:



Explain:

Alarm & MOD bit is 0x7C, 0x7C >> 2 = 0x31: Means this message is the Alarm settings message.

3.3.6 Set Interrupt Mode

Feature, Set Interrupt mode for PA8 of pin.

When AT+INTMOD=0 is set, PA8 is used as a digital input port.

AT Command: AT+INTMOD

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+INTMOD=?	Show current interrupt mode	0 OK the mode is 0 =Disable Interrupt
AT+INTMOD=2	Set Transmit Interval 0. (Disable Interrupt), 1. (Trigger by rising and falling edge) 2. (Trigger by falling edge) 3. (Trigger by rising edge)	OK

Downlink Command: 0x06

Format: Command Code (0x06) followed by 3 bytes.

This means that the interrupt mode of the end node is set to 0x000003=3 (rising edge trigger), and the type code is 06.

- Example 1: Downlink Payload: 06000000 // Turn off interrupt mode
- Example 2: Downlink Payload: 06000003 // Set the interrupt mode to rising edge trigger

3.3.7 Set Power Output Duration

Control the output duration 5V. Before each sampling, device will

- 1. first enable the power output to external sensor,
- 2. keep it on as per duration, read sensor value and construct uplink payload
- 3. final, close the power output.

AT Command: AT+5VT

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+5VT=?	Show 5V open time.	0 (default) OK
AT+5VT=1000	Close after a delay of 1000 milliseconds.	ОК

Downlink Command: 0x07

Format: Command Code (0x07) followed by 2 bytes.

The first and second bytes are the time to turn on.

Example 1: Downlink Payload: 070000 ---> AT+5VT=0
 Example 2: Downlink Payload: 0701F4 ---> AT+5VT=500

3.3.8 Multiple VDC collections in one uplink(Since firmware version 1.3.2)

Added AT+STDC command to collect the voltage of VDC_INPUT multiple times and upload it at one time.

AT Command: AT +STDC

AT+STDC=aa,bb,bb

aa:

0: means disable this function and use TDC to send packets.

1: means enable this function, use the method of multiple acquisitions to send packets.

bb: Each collection interval (s), the value is 1~65535

cc: the number of collection times, the value is 1~120

Command Example	Function	Response
AT+STDC=?	Get the mode of multiple acquisitions and one uplink.	1,10,18 OK
AT+STDC=1,10,18	Set the mode of multiple acquisitions and one uplink, collect	Attention:Take effect after ATZ
	once every 10 seconds, and report after 18 times.	OK
AT+STDC=0, 0,0	Use the TDC interval to send packets.(default)	Attention:Take effect after ATZ
		OK

Downlink Command: 0xAE

Format: Command Code (0x08) followed by 5 bytes.

Example 1: Downlink Payload: AE 01 02 58 12 ---> AT+STDC=1,600,18

4. Battery & Power Consumption

D2x-LB use ER26500 + SPC1520 battery pack and D2x-LS use 3000mAh Recharable Battery with Solar Panel. See below link for detail information about the battery info and how to replace.

Battery Info & Power Consumption Analyze.

5. OTA firmware update

User can change firmware D2x-LB/LS to:

- · Change Frequency band/ region.
- · Update with new features.
- · Fix bugs.

Firmware and changelog can be downloaded from : Firmware download link

Methods to Update Firmware:

- (Recommanded way) OTA firmware update via wireless: http://wiki.dragino.com/xwiki/bin/view/Main/Firmware%20OTA%20Update%20for%20Sensors/
- Update through UART TTL interface: <u>Instruction</u>.

6. FAQ

7. Order Info

Part Number: D20-LB-XX or D20-LS-XX / D20S-LB-xx or D20S-LS-XX(designed for used in Soil or Road) / D22-LB-XX or D22-LS-XX / D23-LB-XX or D20-LS-XX

XX: The default frequency band

AS923: LoRaWAN AS923 band

• AU915: LoRaWAN AU915 band

• EU433: LoRaWAN EU433 band

• EU868: LoRaWAN EU868 band

KR920: LoRaWAN KR920 band

US915: LoRaWAN US915 band

IN865: LoRaWAN IN865 band

• CN470: LoRaWAN CN470 band

8. Packing Info

Package Includes:

D2x-LB or D2x-LS LoRaWAN Temperature Sensor

Dimension and weight:

- · Device Size: cm
- · Device Weight: g
- Package Size / pcs : cm
- · Weight / pcs : g

9. Support

- Support is provided Monday to Friday, from 09:00 to 18:00 GMT+8. Due to different timezones we cannot
 offer live support. However, your questions will be answered as soon as possible in the before-mentioned
 schedule.
- Provide as much information as possible regarding your enquiry (product models, accurately describe your
 problem and steps to replicate it etc) and send a mail to Support@dragino.cc.